

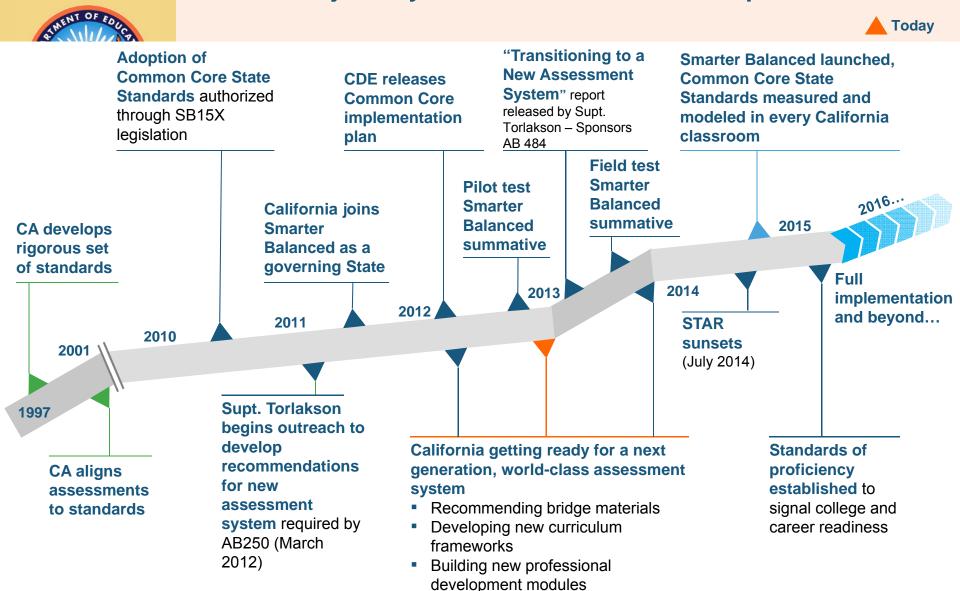
California's Commitment to College and Career Ready Standards - Assessment & Accountability Changes

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We are in the midst of our journey towards Common Core implementation



Education has never been stagnant; the Common Core and Smarker Balanced are part of the normal, important progression

"Not a movement but a power struggle" Rand Corporation Scientist, 1979 "De-professionalizes teaching and stifles creativity in the classroom" Union-Tribune San Diego, 2007

"This scares the bejeezus out of me: the standards are designed to get students to think on their own, to be able to navigate the multimedia world and discern fact from fiction.." In Our Opinion, Ukiah Daily Journal,

Now

1990s & 2000s

1970s & 1980s

"Minimum competency"
Ensure all HS graduates can demonstrate "minimum competency"

"Results show we look good, and we're going to get better." Superintendent Bernand, San Marcos. 1987 "Proficiency"

Boost every child to proficiency in reading and math and start gathering the data to understand student progress

"APIs over 800 [are] reflective of great schools with passionate teachers and focused administrators – and families who send us great kids." Guy Romero, assistant superintendent of educational services with Murrieta Schools

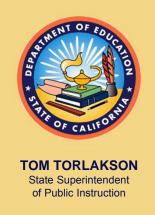
"College and career readiness"
Measures individual student progress
to ensure students have complex
problem-solving skills that get them

ready for careers and college

"I find we're very excited, our kids are ready for the transition. It's going to be a challenge, but it's exactly what our kids need to prepare for college and go out in the work-place." Deputy Superintendent Dominguez, Long Beach Unified District, 2012

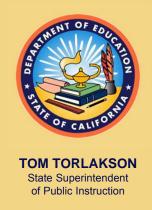
At each inflection point people have been nervous, but each time it has been the right thing to move forward

Source: (1) ASCD Journal, 1979, http://www.ascd.org/ASCD/pdf/journals/ed_lead/el_197905_newman.pdf; (2) Griffin, Vern. "Tests show San Marcos on upgrade | Results please school district." San Diego Union-Tribune. 22 September 1987; (3) The Californian. "NCLB law panned in UCR study." San Diego Union-Tribune. 3 April, 2009. (4) Kabbany, Jennifer. "Temecula, Murrieta districts post top county test scores." San Diego Union-Tribune. 1 September 2006; (5) Staff. "In Our Opinion – New Standards Apply to Everyone". Ukiah Daily Journal. 20 April, 2013. (6) Puente, Kelly. "Long Beach district to phase in Common Core over 3-year period." Press Telegram Long Beach. 4 August, 2012.



California's Changing Landscape

- Passage of AB 484 signed by Governor Brown October 2, 2013
- SB 1458 calls for new measures
- Fundamental changes to assessment
- Evolution of both assessment and accountability systems
- Integration of systems not competing systems



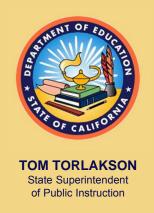
Assembly Bill 484 (Bonilla): Highlights

- Establishes the primary purposes of the assessment system to assist teachers, administrators, and pupils and their parents; improve teaching and learning; and promote high-quality teaching and learning using a variety of assessment approaches and item types
- Establishes California's new statewide student assessment system, the California Measurement of Academic Performance and Progress (CalMAPP)
- Outlines assessments in the CalMAPP, some of which were used previously in the Standardized Testing and Reporting (STAR) Program



AB 484: Required Assessments for the 2013-14 School Year

- Field Test for English Language Arts (ELA) and math in grades 3 through 8 and 11 (one content area per student)
 - Scientific sample will also include a small sample of students for grades 9 and 10
- Current California Standards Test and California Modified Assessment for science in grades 5, 8, and 10
- Current California Alternate Performance
 Assessment for ELA and math in grades 2
 through 11 and for science in grades 5, 8, and 10



AB 484: Optional Assessments for the 2013-14 School Year

- Early Assessment Program (EAP) in grade 11
 - Voluntary for students as it has been in the previous years
 - Scores for individuals only will not produce school, district, state-level scores from these assessments
- Standards-based Tests in Spanish in grades 2 through 11
 - Voluntary for LEAs to administer



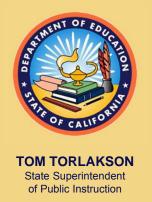
Accountability Changes

- SB 1458 Requires changes to the API for high schools
- AB 484 transitions the API with new CalMAPP assessments
- LCFF (AB 97) adds foster youth to the API and changes subgroup size



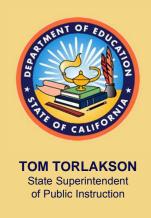
Overview of SB 1458

- Beginning with the 2015–16 API cycle:
 - State assessment results may only constitute 60% of a high school's API
 - 40% must be from other indicators such as career and college readiness, graduation data, etc.



Accountability Impact of AB 484

- Gives the Superintendent, with approval of the State Board, to determine that an API score would be an invalid measure of the performance of the school in the 2013-14 and 2014-15 school years only.
- Schools and school districts that do not have an API calculated ...shall use one of the following:
 - The most recent API calculation;
 - An average of the three most recent annual API calculations;
 - Alternative measures that show increases in pupil academic achievement for all groups of pupils school-wide and among significant subgroups.



Accountability Impact of AB 484

- Recognizes the reality of a powerful, historical transformation to our educational system
- Allows for a deliberate and reasonable transition