Among California public high school students, **63% enroll in college** following high school graduation.

Substantial disparities in college enrollment exist by student subgroup (race/ethnicity shown here).

**Educators across California** continue to emphasize and invest in college and career readiness through comprehensive reform efforts. A portrait of college enrollment and college destinations for California public high school students is long overdue.

In an era of intense “college for all” ethos, the lack of regularly available information about students’ postsecondary trajectories makes it difficult for institutions to monitor outcomes and make informed decisions. It also creates challenges for organizations seeking to promote and improve college and career readiness.

This report, part of an ongoing collaboration between researchers at the University of California, Davis and the California Department of Education, alleviates some of the unknowns about students’ postsecondary trajectories and provides a foundation for future research on college and career readiness. To learn more, see our full report.

**Chart:**
- **37%** 2-Year College
- **26%** 4-Year College
- **37%** No College
- **57%** California Community College
- **18%** CA State University
- **10%** University of CA
- **11%** Out-of-State
- **4%** Private In-State (2- and 4-Year)
College Enrollment Varies Across Counties

The proportion of California public high school students who enroll in college following graduation varies greatly across counties. In some counties, as many as 75% of high school students enroll in college, whereas in other counties as few as 36% of students enroll in college after high school completion.

To learn more, see our full report.